

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.usplo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/722,875	11/26/2003	Katsuya Watanabe	10407-72US (A3083MT-US1)	1707
* . *	7590 05/07/2007 STRAUSS HAUER & I	EXAMINER		
ONE COMME	RCE SQUARE	PATEL, GAUTAM		
PHILADELPH	Γ STREET, SUITE 220 IA. PA 19103		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	····	,	2627	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
		•	05/07/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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Office Action Summary		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)	•		
		10/722,8	75	WATANABE ET AL	•		
		Examine		Art Unit	•		
		Gautam F		2627			
The M Period for Reply	AILING DATE of this communicat	tion appears on the	cover sheet with the c	correspondence add	ress		
A SHORTEN WHICHEVER - Extensions of til after SIX (6) MC - If NO period for - Failure to reply Any reply receiv	ED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL me may be available under the provisions of 3' DNTHS from the mailing date of this communic reply is specified above, the maximum statuto within the set or extended period for reply will, red by the Office later than three months after the serm adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ING DATE OF TH 7 CFR 1.136(a). In no everation. The period will apply and we by statute, cause the app	HIS COMMUNICATION ent, however, may a reply be tin will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from blication to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this cor D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
2a) ☐ This ac 3) ☐ Since t	nsive to communication(s) filed on the stion is <b>FINAL</b> .  2b) his application is in condition for in accordance with the practice of the street in accordance with the street in	☐ This action is rallowance except	non-final. for formal matters, pro		merits is		
Disposition of C	claims			·			
4a) Of t 5)	s) 1-13 is/are pending in the application is is/are very series. s) is/are allowed. s) 1-13 is/are rejected. s) is/are objected to. s) is/are object to restriction ers ecification is objected to by the Equing(s) filed on is/are: a)	withdrawn from con and/or election reconstruction r	equirement.	- Fyomina:			
Applica Replace	nt may not request that any objection ement drawing sheet(s) including the h or declaration is objected to by	n to the drawing(s) le correction is requir	oe held in abeyance. See red if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFf	• •		
Priority under 3	5 U.S.C. § 119		•				
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
2)  Notice of Draft 3)  Information Dis	rences Cited (PTO-892) sperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-sclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate			

Art Unit: 2627

### **DETAILED ACTION**

Page 2

1. Claims 1-13 are pending for the examination.

#### Election/Restriction

2. None of the claims are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 C.F.R. § 1.142(b) as being drawn to non-elected embodiments at this time. Election was made with traverse of claims 1-13.

Applicant's election with traverse of group A in Paper dated 3/5/07 is acknowledged.

The traversal is on the ground(s) that "spies I and II are within same art and Examiner should state why species are different!".

- a. This is not found persuasive because, the Examiner does not need to show separate classification or field of search for election of the species requirement. See 803.00 and 808.01(a); M.P.E.P.
- b. More importantly MPEP § 806.04(e) clearly states that <u>species are always the</u> <u>specifically different embodiments.</u>
- c. Also it is the Applicants themselves has defines these two figures as two different species.
- d. To advance the prosecution for time being restriction requirement is removed, in light of the Applicant's arguments that species b. corresponds to not only figs. 11-19 but also to figs. 2-10

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

# **Priority**

2. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

### **Specification**

3. The disclosure is objected for following reasons.

The title of the invention is neither precise nor descriptive. A new title is required which should include, using twenty words or fewer, claimed features that differentiate the invention

Art Unit: 2627

from the Prior Art. It is recommended that the title should reflect the gist of or the improvement of the present invention.

Correction is required.

### Claim Objections

4. Claim 13 is objected for following reasons.

The preamble [which does not breadth life into the body of the claim] generates confusion by refereeing to structure of the optical disc drive. Thus making the claim hybrid by claiming both an apparatus and a tangible computer readable storage medium producing steps.

Corrections are required.

# Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as being anticipated by Tada et al., US. patent 6,370,093 (hereafter Tada).

As to claim 1, Tada discloses the invention as claimed [see Figs. 4-5, 7, 13-14, 18] including a light source, a focusing section, a focus shifting section, a light receiving section, a focus error signal generating section and a control section, comprising:

- a light source [fig. 5, unit 31];
- a focusing section [fig. 7, unit 46a] for focusing light emitted from the light source;
- a focus shifting section [fig. 7, unit 46] for shifting the focal point of the light by changing the position of the focusing section perpendicularly to a data storage layer of a given optical disc in accordance with a control signal;

Application/Control Number: 10/722,875

Art Unit: 2627

a light receiving section [fig. 7, unit 43] for receiving, at multiple areas, the light reflected from the data storage layer and generating light quantity signals representing quantities of the light received at the respective areas;

Page 4

a focus error signal generating section [fig. 7, unit 46] for generating a focus error signal based on the light quantity signals; and

a control section [fig. 7, units 46 & 47] for generating the control signal in response to the focus error signal such that the focal point of the light is transferred to a focus controllable range in which a focus control is able to be performed on the data storage layer, wherein the control section generates the control signal such that the focal point of the light being shifted toward the data storage layer is decelerated initially at a first acceleration [Vbrk1] and then at a second acceleration [Vbrk2], the absolute value of the second acceleration being smaller [fig. 14C] than that of the first acceleration [col. 12, line 46 to col. 13, line 23; col. 15, lines 36-55].

- 6. The aforementioned claim 2, recites the following elements, inter alia, disclosed in Tada: the control section generates the control signal such that the focusing section is brought away from the optical disc and that the focal point stops shifting once entered the focus controllable range [col. 15, lines 36 to col. 16, line 35].
- 7. The aforementioned claim 3, recites the following elements, inter alia, disclosed in Tada: the control section generates the control signal such that the focusing section is brought toward the optical disc until the focal point of the light passes the focus controllable range and then brought away from the optical disc once the focal point has passed the focus controllable range [col. 15, lines 36 to col. 16, line 35].
- 8. The aforementioned claim 4, recites the following elements, inter alia, disclosed in Tada: the control section generates the control signal such that until the focal point of the light passes the focus controllable range, the focal point being shifted is decelerated at the first acceleration and then at the second acceleration, and that once the focal point has passed the focus controllable range, the focal point stops shifting [col. 15, lines 36 to col. 16, line 35].

Application/Control Number: 10/722,875

Art Unit: 2627

9. The aforementioned claim 5, recites the following elements, inter alia, disclosed in Tada: the control section generates the control signal such that the focal point of the light being shifted is decelerated at the first acceleration and then stops shifting once and that the focal point starts being shifted again in the same direction and then decelerated at the second acceleration [col. 15, lines 36 to col. 16, line 35].

Page 5

- 10. The aforementioned claim 6, recites the following elements, inter alia, disclosed in Tada: the optical disc has a plurality of data storage layers [fig. 2], and wherein the control section generates the control signal such that the focal point of the light being shifted from one of the plurality of data storage layers, for which the focus control is performed, toward the data storage layer [col. 15, lines 36 to col. 16, line 35].
- 11. The aforementioned claim 7, recites the following elements, inter alia, disclosed in Tada: the focus shifting section changes the position of the focusing section in response to a train of pulses applied thereto, and wherein the control signal generated by the control section includes a first type of pulses [fig. 14B] that increases the acceleration and a second type of pulses that decreases the acceleration [fig. 14C] [col. 15, lines 36 to col. 16, line 35].
- 12. The aforementioned claim 8, recites the following elements, inter alia, disclosed in Tada: the focus shifting section changes the position, acceleration and velocity of the focusing section according to the numbers, magnitudes and durations of the first and second types of pulses applied [fig. 14B 18B, 18C], and wherein the control section generates the control signal by adjusting at least one of the numbers, magnitudes and durations of the first and second types of pulses applied [col. 15, lines 36 to col. 16, line 35].
- 13. The aforementioned claim 9, recites the following elements, inter alia, disclosed in Tada: the control section suspends the focus control on the data storage layer while generating the control signal [col. 15, lines 36 to col. 16, line 35].

Application/Control Number: 10/722,875

Art Unit: 2627

14. The aforementioned claim 10, recites the following elements, inter alia, disclosed in Tada:

Page 6

the control section starts the focus control after having transferred the focal point to the focus controllable range [col. 15, lines 36 to col. 16, line 35].

- 15. The aforementioned claim 11, recites the following steps, inter alia, disclosed in Tada: the method comprises the steps of: (a) generating a first control signal in response to the focus error signal and supplying the first control signal to the focus shifting section such that the focal point of the light being shifted toward the data storage layer is decelerated at a first acceleration; and (b) generating a second control signal and supplying the second control signal to the focus shifting section after the step (a) such that the focal point of the light is decelerated at a second acceleration and that the absolute value of the second acceleration is smaller than that of the first acceleration [col. 15, lines 36 to col. 16, line 35].
- As to claim 12, it is rejected for the similar reasons set forth in the rejection of claim 1, 16. above. As to the added limitations Tada discloses: a first shifting control section for generating a control signal in response to the focus error signal and supplying the control signal to the focus shifting section such that the focal point of the light being shifted toward the data storage layer is decelerated at a first acceleration; and

a second shifting control section for generating another control signal and supplying the control signal to the focus shifting section such that the focal point of the light is decelerated at a second acceleration and that the absolute value of the second acceleration is smaller than that of the first acceleration [col. 12, line 46 to col. 13, line 23; col. 15, lines 36 to col. 16, line 35]. NOTE: Since unit 46 performs these both functions it inherently has these sections within it.

17. The aforementioned claim 13, recites the following steps, inter alia, disclosed in Tada: generating a first control signal in response to the focus error signal and supplying the first control signal to the focus shifting section such that the focal point of the light being shifted toward the data storage layer is decelerated at a first acceleration; and (b) generating a second control signal and supplying the second control signal to the focus shifting section such that the

Art Unit: 2627

focal point of the light is decelerated at a second acceleration and that the absolute value of the second acceleration is smaller than that of the first acceleration [col. 12, line 46 to col. 13, line 23; col. 15, lines 36 to col. 16, line 35].

# Other prior art cited

- 18. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
  - a) Liu et al. (US. Patent 6,775,208) "Method for controlling the focus speed of a pickup head..".
  - b) Kobayashi (US. patent 7,145,842) "Objective lens moving control method and apparatus".

#### **Contact information**

19. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Gautam R. Patel whose telephone number is 571-272-7625. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday from 7:30 to 6.

The appropriate fax number for the organization (Group 2600) where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Dwayne Bost, who can be reached on (571) 272-7023.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Electronic Business Center whose telephone number is 866-217-9197 or the USPTO contact Center telephone number is (800) PTO-9199.

GAUTAM R. PATEL
PRIMARY PATENT EXAMINER

Gautam R. Patel Primary Examiner Group Art Unit 2627

May 2, 2007